



fundsforNGOs
Grants and Resources for Sustainability
PREMIUM



Sample Project Proposal for Livestock Dispersal Livelihood Program in Rural Area

Smallholder farmers in rural areas of the Philippines often face numerous challenges in their efforts to make a living. These challenges include:

- Limited access to resources such as capital, credit, and technology.
- Poor infrastructure, which makes it difficult to transport crops to markets.
- Limited access to markets, both domestic and international, which can result in low prices for agricultural products.
- Vulnerability to natural disasters such as typhoons and earthquakes, which can damage crops and infrastructure.
- Fluctuating commodity prices, which can make it difficult to plan for the future.

These challenges can make it difficult for smallholder farmers to improve their livelihoods and achieve long-term financial stability. One way to address these challenges is through the introduction of livestock, which can provide a steady source of income through the sale of milk, eggs, and meat. Livestock can also serve as a source of manure for crops, improving soil fertility and crop yields.

The objective of this project is to improve the livelihoods of smallholder farmers in rural areas of the Philippines through the dispersal of livestock. By providing an alternative source of income, this project aims to reduce vulnerability to economic shocks and improve the financial stability of participating farmers.

Project Rationale

The rationale for the Livestock Dispersal Livelihood Program in Rural Philippines is as follows:

- Many smallholder farmers in rural areas of the Philippines rely on agriculture as their primary source of income, but this can be precarious due to a range of factors such as natural disasters, fluctuating commodity prices, and limited access to markets.

- Diversifying sources of income can help reduce vulnerability to economic shocks and improve financial stability.
- Livestock can provide a steady source of income through the sale of milk, eggs, and meat, as well as serve as a source of manure for crops, improving soil fertility and crop yields.
- By providing smallholder farmers with the resources and training they need to care for and manage livestock, this project aims to improve their livelihoods and provide an alternative source of income.

Objectives of Project

- To improve the livelihoods of smallholder farmers in rural areas of the Philippines through the dispersal of livestock.
- To provide an alternative source of income for smallholder farmers, reducing vulnerability to economic shocks and improving financial stability.
- To increase the sale of milk, eggs, and meat from participating farms.
- To improve the nutrition of participating families through the consumption of milk and eggs.
- To increase soil fertility and crop yields through the use of livestock manure.
- To provide training and ongoing support to ensure the success of the program.

Project Methodology

- **Identify target areas:** The project team will conduct a needs assessment to identify rural areas in the Philippines where smallholder farmers would benefit from the introduction of livestock. This will involve reviewing existing data on poverty levels, agricultural production, and infrastructure, as well as conducting field visits to assess the needs and interests of potential participants.
- **Select participating farmers:** A selection of smallholder farmers who are interested in diversifying their income will be invited to participate in the program.

Criteria for selection may include farm size, resources, and willingness to participate in training and extension services. The project team will work with local leaders and organizations to identify potential participants and ensure that the program is representative of the community.

- **Disperse livestock:** Each participating farmer will receive a package of livestock (e.g. cows, goats, chickens) appropriate for their farm size and resources. The project team will work with each farmer to determine the most suitable livestock for their needs, taking into account factors such as local market demand, climate, and infrastructure.
- **Provide training and extension services:** Training will be provided on how to care for and manage the livestock, as well as how to sell the products in local markets. This will include topics such as animal husbandry, feeding, vaccination, and hygiene. Extension services will be provided on an ongoing basis to support farmers in their management of the livestock and to address any challenges or questions that may arise.
- **Monitor and evaluate:** The project team will monitor and evaluate the progress of the program on a regular basis to ensure that it is meeting its objectives. This may include collecting data on income, livestock health, and crop yields, as well as conducting surveys and focus groups with participating farmers.
- **Disseminate results:** The results of the program will be disseminated to participating farmers, as well as to other stakeholders such as government agencies, non-profits, and donors. This will help to build support for the program and encourage replication in other areas. The project team will also share best practices and lessons learned with other organizations working in the sector.

Workplan

Here is a more detailed sample workplan and timetable for the Livestock Dispersal Livelihood Program in Rural Philippines:

Month 1:

Conduct needs assessment to identify target areas: The project team will review existing data on poverty levels, agricultural production, and infrastructure in potential target areas, and conduct field visits to assess the needs and interests of potential participants.

Select participating farmers: The project team will work with local leaders and organizations to identify a selection of smallholder farmers who are interested in diversifying their income and willing to participate in training and extension services. The selection process may include interviews and site visits to assess the suitability of each farm for livestock.

Month 2:

Disperse livestock to participating farmers: The project team will work with each participating farmer to determine the most suitable livestock for their needs, taking into account factors such as farm size, resources, local market demand, climate, and infrastructure. The livestock will be procured and dispersed to participating farmers.

Begin training and extension services: Training will be provided on how to care for and manage the livestock, as well as how to sell the products in local markets. Extension services will be provided on an ongoing basis to support farmers in their management of the livestock and to address any challenges or questions that may arise.

Month 3-6:

Continue training and extension services: Training and extension services will continue on a regular basis to ensure that participating farmers have the knowledge and support they need to successfully manage their livestock.

Conduct regular visits to participating farms: The project team will conduct regular visits to participating farms to provide support and monitor progress. This may include providing additional training and extension services, as well as collecting data on income, livestock health, and crop yields.

Month 7-9:

Provide marketing and sales support: To help participating farmers sell their products in local markets, the project team will provide marketing and sales support. This may include training on how to negotiate with buyers, packaging and labeling products for sale, and participating in local fairs and markets.

Month 10-12:

Continue monitoring and evaluation: The project team will continue to monitor and evaluate the progress of the program to ensure that it is meeting its objectives. This may include collecting data on income, livestock health, and crop yields, as well as conducting surveys and focus groups with participating farmers.

Disseminate results: The results of the program will be disseminated to participating farmers, as well as to other stakeholders such as government agencies, non-profits, and donors. This will help to build support for the program and encourage replication in other areas. The project team will also share best practices and lessons learned with other organizations working in the sector.

Expected Results

The expected results of the Livestock Dispersal Livelihood Program in Rural Philippines are as follows:

- **Improved livelihoods of participating farmers:** Through the introduction of livestock, participating farmers will have an alternative source of income, reducing their vulnerability to economic shocks and improving their financial stability.
- **Increased sale of milk, eggs, and meat:** Participating farmers will be able to sell the products of their livestock in local markets, increasing their income.
- **Improved nutrition of participating families:** The consumption of milk and eggs will improve the nutrition of participating families.
- **Increased soil fertility and crop yields:** The use of livestock manure will improve soil fertility and increase crop yields, helping to boost the overall productivity of participating farms.
- **Training and support provided to ensure the success of the program:** Training and ongoing support will be provided to ensure that participating farmers have the knowledge and resources they need to successfully manage their livestock.

Project Sustainability

- **Provision of ongoing support and extension services:** By providing ongoing support and extension services, the project team can help participating farmers to overcome any challenges or setbacks that may arise and ensure that they are able to sustainably manage their livestock over the long-term.
- **Diversification of income streams:** Encouraging participating farmers to diversify their income streams (e.g. through the sale of livestock products as well as crops) can help to reduce their reliance on any one source of income and increase their financial stability.

- **Building relationships with local markets:** By building relationships with local buyers and establishing a reputation for high-quality products, participating farmers will be better able to sell their livestock products over the long-term.
- **Capacity-building:** Providing training and capacity-building opportunities to participating farmers can help to increase their knowledge and skills, which will be critical for the long-term success of their livestock operations.
- **Partnerships and collaboration:** By working with local organizations, government agencies, and other stakeholders, the project team can help to build a supportive network that can provide ongoing support and resources to participating farmers.

By implementing these strategies, the Livestock Dispersal Livelihood Program in Rural Philippines can help to ensure the long-term sustainability of the program and the livelihoods of participating farmers.

Logical Framework

Goal	To improve the livelihoods of smallholder farmers in rural areas of the Philippines through the dispersal of livestock.
Objectives	1. To provide an alternative source of income for smallholder farmers, reducing vulnerability to economic shocks and improving financial stability. 2. To increase the sale of milk, eggs, and meat from participating farms. 3. To improve the nutrition of participating families through the consumption of milk and eggs. 4. To increase soil fertility and crop yields through the use of livestock manure 5. To provide training and ongoing support to ensure the success of the program.
Outputs	1. A selection of smallholder farmers in target areas have received livestock and training on how to care for and manage them. 2. Participating farmers have increased their income through the sale of milk, eggs, and meat.

	3. Participating families have improved their nutrition through the consumption of milk and eggs. 4. Soil fertility and crop yields have increased due to the use of livestock manure.
Activities	1. Conduct needs assessment to identify target areas 2. Select participating farmers 3. Disperse livestock to participating farmers 4. Provide training and extension services 5. Monitor and evaluate progress 6. Disseminate results

Budget

Item	Unit Cost	Quantity	Total Cost
Livestock Cost			
Feed and supplies			
Training and extension services			
Monitoring and evaluation			
Travel and transportation			
Administration and overhead			
Total			

All Right Reserved © fundsforNGOs LLC

No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying or otherwise, without the prior written permission of fundsforNGOs LLC.

March 23, 2023